

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

- QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended: September 30, 2016

or

- TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number: 000-49901

NATURALNANO, INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 87-0646435 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

13613 Gulf Boulevard, Madeira Beach FL (Address of principal executive offices) 33738 (Zip Code)

727-391-0378
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No

Indicate by checkmark if the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its Website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting

company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date: 3,342,325 as of November 23, 2016

Table of Contents

PART I-FINANCIAL INFORMATION	
Item 1. Financial Statements	3
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2016 (unaudited) and December 31, 2015	3
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited) for the following	4
a) Three months ended September 30, 2016;	
b) Period of Acquisition (June 23, 2016 through September 30, 2016)	
c) Period of Inception (September 22, 2015 through September 30, 2015)	
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Deficiency (unaudited) for the nine months ended September 30, 2016	5
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited) for the following	6
b) Period of Acquisition (June 23, 2016 through September 30, 2016)	
c) Period of Inception (September 22, 2015 through September 30, 2015)	
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	7
Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements	17
Item 4. Controls and Procedures	21
PART II-OTHER INFORMATION	
Item 1. Legal Proceedings	22
Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	22
Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities	23
Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures	23
Item 5. Other Information	23
Item 6. Exhibits	24
SIGNATURES	25

Item 1. Financial Statements

**NATURALNANO, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

	(Unaudited) September 30, 2016	(Audited) December 31, 2015
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash	\$ 10,981	\$ -
Accounts Receivable	191,224	-
Inventory	312,568	-
Prepaid and Other	78	-
	<u>514,852</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Current Assets	<u>514,852</u>	<u>-</u>
NON-CURRENT ASSETS		
Property and Equipment, net	1,860	-
	<u>1,860</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Non-current assets	<u>1,860</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 516,712</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Notes Payable (net of discount of \$8,155 at September 30, 2016)	\$ 1,959,023	\$ -
Accounts Payable	721,259	-
Accrued Expenses	514,401	-
Accrued Interest	630,979	-
Derivative liability	555,695	-
	<u>4,381,214</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Current Liabilities	<u>4,381,214</u>	<u>-</u>
STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY:		
Common stock at \$0.001 par value: 800,000,000 shares authorized; 3,342,325 and 300 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively	3,342	300
Preferred Series E	29	-
Additional paid-in capital	22,153,263	977
Accumulated deficit	(26,021,277)	(1,277)
Total Stockholders' Deficiency	<u>(3,864,644)</u>	<u>0</u>
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Deficiency	<u>\$ 516,712</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

NATURALNANO, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(Unaudited)

	For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2016	From the date of Inception (September 22, 2015) through September 30, 2015	For the Date of Acquisition (June 23, 2016) through September 30, 2016	From the date of Inception (September 22, 2015) through September 30, 2015
INCOME:				
Revenue	\$ 452,385	\$ -	\$ 503,237	\$ -
Cost of Goods Sold	<u>387,428</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>431,816</u>	<u>-</u>
Gross Profit	<u>64,957</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>71,420</u>	<u>-</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Professional Fees	42,661	-	42,661	-
Transportation, Storage and Broker Fees	19,234	-	19,234	-
General and Administrative Expenses	8,480	1,277	8,480	1,277
Sales and Marketing	<u>3,575</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,575</u>	<u>-</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>73,950</u>	<u>1,277</u>	<u>73,950</u>	<u>1,277</u>
INCOME (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS	(8,993)	(1,277)	(2,529)	(1,277)
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE):				
Interest expense	(49,215)	-	(49,349)	-
Loss on Conversion of debt	(5,653)	-	(5,653)	-
Gain on elimination of Registration rights liability	12,324	-	12,324	-
Gain on change in derivative liability	<u>71,915</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>71,915</u>	<u>-</u>
Other income (expense), net	<u>29,371</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>29,237</u>	<u>-</u>
Income (Loss) before income tax provision	20,378	(1,277)	26,707	(1,277)
Income tax provision	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
NET INCOME (LOSS)	<u>20,378</u>	<u>(1,277)</u>	<u>26,707</u>	<u>(1,277)</u>
Earnings per share				
- Basic	<u>\$ 0.01</u>	<u>\$ (4.26)</u>	<u>\$ 0.01</u>	<u>\$ (4.26)</u>
- Diluted	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (4.26)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (4.26)</u>
Weighted average common shares outstanding				
- Basic	<u>3,174,929</u>	<u>300</u>	<u>3,147,913</u>	<u>300</u>
- Diluted	<u>63,498,578</u>	<u>300</u>	<u>62,958,255</u>	<u>300</u>

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

NATURALNANO, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY

	Common Stock, \$0.001 Par Value		Preferred Stock Series E, \$0.001 Par Value		Additional Paid-in Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Total Stockholders' Deficiency
	Number of Shares	Amount	Number of Shares	Amount			
Balance at December 31, 2015	300	\$ 300	-	\$ -	977	\$(1,277)	-
Elimination of common stock of Omni Shrimp upon merger	(300)	(300)	-	-	(977)	1,277	-
Capital Contribution from Reverse Merger	2,911,658	2,912	-	-	22,040,728	(26,047,985)	(4,004,345)
Issuance of Series E Preferred stock upon acquisition of Omni Shrimp	-	-	28,500	29	103,645	-	103,674
Issuance of common stock for conversion of debt	430,667	431	-	-	8,890	-	9,320
Net income from Date of Acquisition (June 23, 2016) through September 30, 2016	-	-	-	-	-	26,707	26,707
Balance September 30, 2016	<u>3,342,325</u>	<u>\$ 3,342</u>	<u>28,500</u>	<u>\$ 29</u>	<u>\$22,153,263</u>	<u>\$(26,021,136)</u>	<u>\$ (3,864,644)</u>

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

NATURALNANO, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited)

	For the Period from the Date of Acquisition (June 23, 2016) through September 30, 2016	For the Date of Inception through (September 22, 2015) through September 30, 2015
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net Income (loss)	\$ 26,707	\$ (1,277)
Gain (Loss) from Discontinued Operations, net of tax	-	-
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Elimination of Cash overdraft	(151)	-
Loss on Conversion of debt	5,653	-
Gain on elimination of Registration rights liability	(12,324)	-
Gain on change in derivative liability	(71,915)	-
Amortization of Convertible note discount	1,036	-
Accrued interest on converted debt	1,898	-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts Receivable	28,381	-
Inventory	(238,427)	-
Prepaid and Other	2,789	-
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	104,827	-
Accrued Interest	45,574	-
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(105,951)	(1,277)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Purchases of property and equipment	(1,860)	-
NET CASH FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(1,860)	-
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Issuance of common stock	-	1,277
Issuance of convertible debt	30,000	-
Increase in bridge notes (net)	3,000	-
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	33,000	1,277
NET CHANGE IN CASH	(74,811)	-

Cash at beginning of period	85,792	-
Cash at end of period	\$ 10,981	-

**SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH
FLOW INFORMATION:**

Cash paid during the period for interest	\$ -	-
Cash paid during the period for income taxes	\$ -	-

**NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING
ACTIVITIES:**

Debt reduced through issuance of common stock	\$ 1,355	\$ -
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See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

NaturalNano, Inc.
From June 23, 2016 (Date of Acquisition) through
September 30, 2016
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(unaudited)

1. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITY, MATERIAL DEFINITIVE AGREEMENT AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Interim Financial Statements

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the following: 1) Balance sheets as of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015; 2) Statements of Operations for the three months ended September 30, 2016; 3) Statement of Operations from the Date of Acquisition (June 23, 2016) through September 30, 2016 (“Acquisition Period”); 4) Statement of Operations from the period Date of Inception (September 22, 2015) through September 2015 (“Inception Period”) are unaudited. However, in the opinion of management of the Company, these condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all material adjustments, consisting solely of normal recurring adjustments, necessary to present fairly the consolidated financial position and results of operations for such interim periods. The results of operations for the interim periods presented are not necessarily indicative of the results to be obtained for a full year. The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Rule 8-03 of Regulation S-X for smaller reporting companies. Accordingly, these condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all of the information required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015.

Liquidity and Going Concern

Going Concern - The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company generated net income for the Acquisition Period of approximately \$26,000 and had negative working capital and stockholders’ deficiency of approximately \$3,866,000 at September 30, 2016. Since inception the Company’s growth has been funded through the issuance of convertible debt, borrowings under lines of credit and internal operations. These factors, among others, may indicate that the Company will be unable to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time. The Company’s continuation as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to generate sufficient cash flow to meet its obligations, to obtain additional financing, renegotiate the terms of existing financing obligations and ultimately to attain successful operations. The ability to successfully achieve those items is uncertain. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the uncertainty.

Basis of Consolidation

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of NaturalNano, Inc. (“NaturalNano” or the “Company”), a Nevada corporation, and its wholly owned subsidiaries Omni Shrimp, Inc., a Florida corporation. All significant inter-company accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Accounting for Reverse Capitalization

The Company follows the guidelines set forth in *Topic 12: Reverse Acquisitions and Reverse Capitalizations of the SEC Financial Reporting Manual* (“SEC Manual”) for the acquisition of Omni Shrimp, Inc. (“Omni”) (See *Material Definitive Agreement* below.) For accounting purposes, Omni Shrimp, Inc. (“Omni”) has been deemed the acquiring entity due to the fact that the owners of Omni have effective voting and operating control of the combined company. The Company believes it was not a shell company.

On July 5, 2016, the staff of the Securities and Exchange Commission's Division of Corporation Finance advised the Company that in light of the information set forth in the Form 8-K filed on June 29, 2016, the Staff was of the opinion that the Company was a "shell company" as defined in Rule 405 under the Securities Act of 1933 and Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. The Company replied with a letter to the Staff contesting the factual basis of such determination, and the Staff replied with a subsequent letter affirming its prior determination.

The Company intends to have further communications with the Staff regarding their determination as to the Company's shell company status.

The financial statements enclosed herewith were prepared on the assumption that the Company was not a shell company on June 23, 2016 and is not a shell company at the present time.

Pursuant to the SEC Manual, the Company filed a form 8-K/A on September 1, 2016 and November 14, 2016, and in Item 9.01 of those filings, the Company reported the required financial statements, including audited financial statements of Omni and pro forma financial information.

Material Definitive Agreement

On June 23, 2016 (the "Effective Date"), the Company announced that it entered into a Share Exchange Agreement (the "Exchange Agreement") with all of the shareholders of Omni Shrimp, Inc., a Florida corporation ("Omni"), pursuant to which the shareholders exchanged with the Company all of the outstanding shares of stock of Omni and Omni thereupon became a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. In consideration for the exchange of those Omni shares, the Company issued 28,500 shares of a newly created Series E Preferred Stock of the Company (the "Series E Preferred Stock").

As a result of their ownership of the Series E Preferred Stock, the Omni shareholders acquired the right to vote 95% of the voting control of the Company. The Series E Preferred Stock is also convertible into common stock which, in the aggregate, would represent up to 95% of the outstanding common stock after the conversion. In addition, on the Effective Date, the holders of all of the Company's outstanding Series B and Series D Preferred Stock surrendered those shares to the Company.

Additionally, on the Effective Date the Company entered into an Asset Purchase Agreement with James Wemett, the former President and CEO, pursuant to which Mr. Wemett acquired all right, title and interest to the existing business activities of the Company prior to that date; specifically, those activities were (i) developing and commercializing material additives based on a technology utilizing halloysite nanotubes and (ii) reselling Ebola personal protective equipment and ancillary supplies, and assumed the related liabilities. In connection with that transaction, Mr. Wemett waived all accumulated compensation due to him from the Company.

In connection with the Asset Purchase Agreement, the Company and Mr. Wemett exchanged releases, and the Company issued to Mr. Wemett a six year divisible Warrant with cashless exercise to purchase up to 2,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock at a purchase price of \$0.05 per share.

Surrender and Amendment Agreement (“Surrender and Amendment”)

Concurrent with the Material Definitive Agreement on the Effective Date, owners of the Senior Secured Convertible Notes and Promissory Notes agreed to surrender the following back to the Company:

- \$150,436 of face value debt, and
- \$79,411 of related accrued interest.

The Company did not issue any additional consideration for these securities.

In addition, the Company retired the following owned by its former Chief Executive Officer

- 5,000 shares of Series B Preferred Stock
- 100 shares of Series D Preferred stock

Concurrent with this retirement, the Company issued 2,000,000 warrants

Description of the Business

Omni Shrimp, Inc. (Omni) was formed on September 22, 2015 in the State of Florida and acquired NaturalNano, Inc. under a Share Exchange Agreement effective June 23, 2016. Omni's sole business activity is as a wholesale provider of shrimp. According to National Fisheries Institute (NFI), shrimp is the most consumed seafood within the United States at over 4 pounds of shrimp consumed per person in the United States annually. Shrimps come in many varieties which are differentiated by their color.

Omni specializes in the very high, domestic and wild caught shrimp called Key West Pink Shrimp also referred to as “pinks”. They derive their name from their pink color which is the result of growing up in the coral sands off the west coast of Florida. Key West Pink Shrimp are also great tasting and may be enjoyed as “peel and eat” or in a wide variety of recipes. The harvesting season for “Pinks” is from November through June. Throughout the year, Omni also purchases and sells “Brown” and “White” shrimp also grown in the United States and harvested in the wild.

Omni believes that it differentiates itself from its competitors not only by the quality of its product but its relationships with Shrimp boat captains and fishermen, shrimp seafood company owners and some of the top shrimp processors in the U.S. These relationships allow Omni to get its product to market as quickly as possible in order to guarantee freshness and taste. The vessels who supply Omni's shrimp have refrigeration units and freezing capabilities on board which locks in freshness. Additionally, Omni uses a large, approved, industry accepted processor in Louisiana which allows our haul to get out to the dining public within two to three days of catch resulting in delivery of fresh shrimp with uncompromised taste to our customers.

Most consumers in the United States are not aware of the origin of their store-bought or restaurant purchased shrimp. Omni's shrimp product is free of pesticide, chemicals and antibiotics, caught in the U.S. and wild caught, facts that we believe is highly attractive, becoming more and more sought after and beneficial in terms of our eventual marketing success.

Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported and disclosed in the financial statements and the accompanying notes. Actual results could differ materially from these estimates. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate such estimates. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Fair Value Measurement Topic of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) establishes a three-tier fair value hierarchy which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). These tiers include:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 inputs are quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets or inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly through market corroboration, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs based on the Company’s own assumptions used to measure assets and liabilities at fair value.

A financial asset or liability’s classification within the hierarchy is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The carrying amounts reported in the balance sheet of cash, accounts receivable, inventory, prepaid assets, accounts payable and accrued expenses approximate fair value because of the immediate or short-term maturity of these financial instruments. The fair value of notes payable approximates their carrying value as the terms of this debt reflects market conditions. The Company’s derivative liability was determined utilizing Level 3 inputs.

Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company does not use derivative instruments to hedge exposures to cash flow, market or foreign currency risks. The Company evaluates all of its financial instruments to determine if such instruments are derivatives or contain features that qualify as embedded derivatives. For derivative financial instruments that are accounted for as liabilities, the derivative instrument is initially recorded at its fair value and then is revalued at each reporting date, with changes in fair value reported in the consolidated statement of operations. For stock based derivative financial instruments, the Company estimated the total enterprise value based upon trending the firm value from December 2006 to September 30, 2016 considering company specific factors including the changes in forward estimated revenues and market factors, market multiples for comparable companies, and the Company’s market share price, all equally weighted. Once the enterprise value was determined an option pricing model was used to allocate the enterprise value to the individual derivative securities in the Company’s capital structure. The classification of derivative instruments, including whether such instruments should be recorded as liabilities or equity, is evaluated at the end of each reporting period. Derivative instrument liabilities are classified in the balance sheet as current or non-current based on whether or not net-cash settlement of the derivative instrument could be required within twelve months of the balance sheet date.

Reclassifications

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes in accordance with FASB ASC 740 which requires recognition of estimated income taxes payable or refundable on income tax returns for the current year and for the estimated future tax effect attributable to temporary differences and carry-forwards. Measurement of deferred income tax items is based on enacted tax laws including tax rates, with the measurement of deferred income tax assets being reduced by available tax benefits not expected to be realized. The Company recognizes penalties and accrued interest related to unrecognized tax benefits in income tax expense. Income tax expense was \$0 for the period of Acquisition and period of Inception.

Net income/ (Loss) Per Share

Loss per common share is computed by dividing net income or loss by the weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted income or loss per common share gives effect to dilutive convertible preferred stock, convertible debt, options and warrants outstanding during the period. Shares to be issued upon the exercise of these instruments have not been included in the computation of diluted loss per share as their effect is anti-dilutive based on the net loss incurred.

As of September 30, 2016 and 2015 there were 71,101,371 and -0- shares, respectively, underlying preferred stock, convertible debt, outstanding options and warrants that could potentially dilute future earnings.

These potentially dilutive shares have been limited by certain debt and equity agreements with lenders. These agreements provide limitations on the conversion of the dilutive instruments such that the number of shares of Common Stock that may be acquired by the holder upon conversion of such instruments shall be limited to ensure that following such conversion the total number of shares of Common Stock then beneficially owned by the holder does not exceed 4.99% of the total number of issued and outstanding shares of Common Stock. The Company does not have sufficient authorized shares to satisfy conversion of all the potentially dilutive instruments.

Shares associated with the issuance of Series E Preferred stock are reported on an as converted basis

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In July 2015, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) 2015-011 to Topic 330, Inventory. This ASU requires entities using inventory costing methods other than last-in-first-out and retail inventory method to value their inventory at the lower of cost and net realizable value. This ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016 and is to be applied prospectively. Early adoption of this ASU is permitted. The Company does not expect adoption of this ASU to have a material impact on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

2. NOTES PAYABLE

Notes payable at September 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

Notes Issued under the Surrender and Amendment Agreement	\$1,428,650
Cape One Master Notes	344,000
Notes Issued Subsequent to Surrender and Amendment Agreement	49,630
Bridge loans	<u>136,743</u>
Total	<u>\$1,959,023</u>

Notes Issued under the Surrender and Amendment Agreement

On the Effective date, the Company entered into the Surrender and Amendment Agreement. Pursuant to this agreement, the Company entered into certain modifications of outstanding indebtedness to four bondholders.

In total, the Company retired \$150,436 and \$79,411 of accrued interest. See *Surrender and Amendment Agreement* in Note 1. above,

Each Amending Holder waives any reset, repricing or ratchet right such Amending Holder may have related to the Retained Notes for any issuances of the Company's common stock or common stock equivalents that have occurred prior to the date of this Agreement.

b. The issuance of the Series E Preferred Shares pursuant to the Share Exchange Agreement shall be an Exempt Issuance (as define in the Retained Notes) and shall not trigger any reset, repricing or ratchet right such Amending Holder may have related to the Retained Notes.

c. The Conversion Price of the Retained Notes is amended to be the lower of: (i) the conversion price as would be in effect pursuant to the terms of the Retained Notes as currently in effect; or (ii) 50% of the lowest closing bid price of the Company's common stock on its principal trading market as reported by Bloomberg LP, for the twenty trading days prior to the date of conversion.

d. The Maturity Date of the Retained Notes is hereby extended to one year from the date of this Agreement.

e. Except for the notes held by Oscaleta Partners LLC All interest that has accrued through the date hereof is waived and all interest that will accrue on the Retained Notes will be payable on the Maturity Date.

The following lists the creditors and the amounts owed to each

Alpha Anstalt Capital	\$ 900,000
Marlin Capital Investments LLC	210,000
Bull Hunter LLC	140,000
Oscaleta Partners LLC*	178,600
	<hr/>
Total Convertible debt	\$ 1,428,650

* - Net of \$1,355 of Notes Payable converted

Cape One Master Notes

On December 15, 2015, NaturalNano Corp. exchanged 6,666,667 shares for Notes totaling \$344,000. These notes are due on September 30, 2017 and are convertible at \$.02 per share.

Notes Issued Subsequent to Surrender and Amendment Agreement

Notes Issued subsequent to Surrender and Amendment comprised \$49,630 as follows:

Notes reclassified from Bridge notes	\$ 27,785
Newly issued debt	<hr/> 21,845

Total debt	<u>\$ 49,630</u>
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Notes reclassified from Bridge Notes

During the prior quarter, Notes which were originally issued as promissory notes were renegotiated to be convertible into shares of common stock at a 50% discount to the closing bid price for the twenty days prior to conversion. Such notes totalled \$27,785.

Newly Issued Debt

During the quarter ended September 30, 2016, the following notes were issued:

On August 10, 2016, the Company issued a note for \$15,000 for proceeds received. The convertible promissory bears interest at a rate of ten percent and matures on August 1, 2017. The third party has the option to convert all or a portion of the note plus accrued interest into common stock at a conversion price equal to 50% of the lowest closing bid price for the twenty days prior to the conversion. The Company recorded a debt discount of \$4,596 based on the fair value of the common stock into which the note is convertible into and allocated \$10,404 of the proceeds to the note \$658 of interest expense was amortized into interest expense for the quarter ended September 30, 2016. As of the date of this filing, there have been no conversions of this Note and the entire amount is outstanding

On August 31, 2016, the Company issued a note for \$15,000 for proceeds received. The convertible promissory bears interest at a rate of ten percent and matures on September 1, 2017. The third party has the option to convert all or a portion of the note plus accrued interest into common stock at a conversion price equal to 50% of the lowest closing bid price for the twenty days prior to the conversion. The Company recorded a debt discount of \$4,596 based on the fair value of the common stock into which the note is convertible into and allocated \$10,404 of the proceeds to the note \$378 of interest expense was amortized into interest expense for the quarter ended September 30, 2016. As of the date of this filing, there have been no conversions of this Note and the entire amount is outstanding

A reconciliation of the Notes follows;

	<u>August 10, 2016</u>	<u>August 31, 2016</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cash proceeds received	\$ 15,000	\$ 15,000	\$30,000
Discount Applied	(4,596)	(4,596)	(9,192)
Discount amortized into			
Interest expense	<u>658</u>	<u>378</u>	<u>1,036</u>
Book value of notes	<u>\$ 11,062</u>	<u>\$ 10,782</u>	<u>\$21,845</u>

Bridge Loans

Bridge loans are short term notes taken on demand. They totalled \$136,743 at September 30, 2016 as follows:

The \$136,743 at Omni Shrimp, Inc. was as follows:

<u>Date Issued Originally</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Interest Rate</u>	<u>Holder</u>
February 12, 2016	\$ 111,000	5.25%	Madeira Beach Seafood, Inc.
April 7, 2016	25,743	5.25%	Madeira Beach Seafood, Inc.
Total	<u>\$ 136,743</u>		

3. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Subsequent to the Acquisition of Omni and the disposition of the Nanotechnology and Viral Protec businesses, the Company operates in only segment, shrimp. Therefore, segment data is not required.

4. DERIVATIVE LIABILITY

For stock based derivative financial instruments, the Company estimated the total enterprise value based upon a combination of the trending of the firm value from December 2006 to September 2016, market comparables, and the market value of the Company's stock, considering company specific factors including the changes in forward estimated revenues and market factors. Once the enterprise value was determined an option pricing model was used to allocate the enterprise value to the individual derivative and other securities in the Company's capital structure. The classification of derivative instruments, including whether such instruments should be recorded as liabilities or equity, is evaluated at the end of each reporting period. Derivative instrument liabilities are classified in the balance sheet as current or non-current based on whether or not net-cash settlement of the derivative instrument could be required within twelve months of the balance sheet date.

The Company's derivative liabilities as of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are as follows:

- The debt conversion feature embedded in the various Convertible Promissory Notes which contain anti-dilution provisions that would be triggered if the Company issued instruments with rights to the Company's common stock at prices below this exercise price (described in Note 2.)
- Derivative liabilities related to outstanding warrants and options due to the Company having insufficient authorized shares to satisfy the exercise or conversion of all outstanding instruments as of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015.

The fair value of the derivative liabilities as of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are as follows:

	September 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Note conversion feature liabilities	\$ 552,719	\$ 686,255
Warrant liability	2,976	759
Total	<u>555,695</u>	<u>687,014</u>

5. STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY

Authorized Common Stock: In 2013 the Company received a unanimous written consent in lieu of a meeting from the members of the Board of Directors and a written consent from the Series D stockholder to amend its articles of incorporation to increase the Company's authorized common shares to 800,000,000 common shares. As of September 30, 2016 there were approximately 71 million shares underlying preferred stock, convertible debt, outstanding options and warrants that could potentially dilute future earnings. The company does not have sufficient authorized shares to facilitate conversion of all the potentially dilutive instrument.

Preferred Stock Issuances

The Series E Convertible Preferred Stock is convertible into 95% of the Company's common stock and votes on an as-converted basis. The Series E designation limits the holders' rights to convert its Convertible Preferred Stock, and the aggregate voting powers, to no more than 4.99% of the votes attributable to the total outstanding common shares. As a result of the Company not having sufficient authorized shares to satisfy the conversion of all outstanding convertible debt, share rights, convertible preferred stock, warrants and options, the Series B preferred shares have been moved into temporary equity classification on the balance sheet.

Preferred Stock Cancellations

As a part of the June 23rd Surrender & Amendment Agreement, 5,000 shares of Series B Preferred stock and 100 shares of Series D Preferred stock were also cancelled.

Warrants Grants

The Company has issued warrants to purchase shares of its common stock to certain consultants and debt holders. As of June 23, 2016 and December 31, 2015 there were common stock warrants outstanding to purchase an aggregate of 2,917,941 and 1,217,941 shares of common stock, respectively, pursuant to the warrant grant agreements.

On February 15, 2015, the Company granted a total of 300,000 warrants to the Company's board members. These warrants, included in the summary below, grant the right to purchase one share of common stock at an exercise price of \$0.10 per share. The warrants were fully vested as of the grant date and contain a cashless exercise provision. The fair value of the warrants on the date of grant was determined using the Black-Scholes model and was measured on the date of grant at \$61,106. An expected volatility assumption of 140% was used based on the volatility of the Company's stock price utilizing a look-back basis and the risk-free interest rate of 1.62% which was derived from the U.S. treasury yields on the date of grant. The market price of the Company's common stock on the grant date was \$0.22 per share. The expiration date used in the valuation model aligns with the warrant life of five years as indicated in the agreements. The dividend yield was assumed to be zero.

On January 6, 2016, the Company granted a total of 450,000 warrants to the Company's board members and one consultant. These warrants, included in the summary below, grant the right to purchase one share of common stock at an exercise price of \$0.02 per share. The warrants were fully vested as of the grant date and contain a cashless exercise provision. The fair value of the warrants on the date of grant was determined using the Black-Scholes model and was measured on the date of grant at \$25,292. An expected volatility assumption of 140% was used based on the volatility of the Company's stock price utilizing a look-back basis and the risk-free interest rate of 1.00% which was derived from the U.S. treasury yields on the date of grant. The market price of the Company's common stock on the grant date was \$0.06 per share. The expiration date used in the valuation model aligns with the warrant life of five years as indicated in the agreements. The dividend yield was assumed to be zero.

On June 23, 2016, the Company granted a total of 2,000,000 warrants to the Company's former Chief Executive Officer. These warrants, included in the summary below, grant the right to purchase one share of common stock at an exercise price of \$0.05 per share. The warrants were fully vested as of the grant date and contain a cashless exercise provision. The fair value of the warrants on the date of grant was determined using the Black-Scholes model and was measured on the date of grant at \$.031. An expected volatility assumption of 140% was used based on the volatility of the Company's stock price utilizing a look-back basis and the risk-free interest rate of 1.00% which was derived from the U.S. treasury yields on the date of grant. The market price of the Company's common stock on the grant date was \$0.034 per share. The expiration date used in the valuation model aligns with the warrant life of nine years as indicated in the agreements. The dividend yield was assumed to be zero.

A summary of the outstanding warrants is presented below:

	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Weighted Average Exercise Price</u>	<u>Weighted Average Remaining Life-years</u>
Outstanding at January 1, 2016	1,217,941	\$.35	3.82
Issued	2,450,000	\$.05	5.73
Exercised	(750,000)	\$.05	4.50
Warrants outstanding at September 30, 2016	<u>2,917,941</u>	<u>\$.17</u>	<u>4.50</u>

6. INCENTIVE STOCK PLANS

A summary of the status of the outstanding incentive stock plans is presented below:

	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Weighted Average Exercise Price</u>	<u>Weighted Average Remaining Life-years</u>
Options outstanding at January 1, 2016	<u>1,099</u>	<u>\$ 2,008</u>	<u>1.32</u>
Options exercisable at September 30, 2016	<u>1,099</u>	<u>\$ 2,008</u>	<u>.82</u>

All compensation costs for the above options have been previously recognized in operations. As of September 30, 2016, the aggregate intrinsic value of the stock options outstanding and exercisable was \$0. There were no option grants made in the three month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015.

7. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Issuance of Debt

On October 14, 2016, the Company borrowed \$15,000 from a third party. The convertible promissory note bears interest at 8% per annum and matures on October 15, 2017. The third party has the option to convert all or a portion of the note plus accrued interest into common stock at a conversion price equal to 50% of the lowest closing bid price for the twenty days prior to the conversion.

On November 15, 2016, the Company borrowed \$21,000 from a third party. The convertible promissory note bears interest at 8% per annum and matures on November 15, 2017. The third party has the option to convert all or a portion of the note plus accrued interest into common stock at a conversion price equal to 50% of the lowest closing bid price for the twenty days prior to the conversion.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This quarterly report on Form 10-Q and other reports that we file with the SEC contain statements that are considered forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. These include statements about our expectations, plans, objectives, assumptions or future events. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as "anticipate," "estimate," "plans," "potential," "projects," "continuing," "ongoing," "expects," "management believes," "we believe," "we intend" and similar expressions. Such forward looking statements include statements addressing operating performance, events or developments that the Company expects or anticipates will occur in the future, including statements relating to revenue realization, revenue growth, earnings, earnings per share, or similar projections. These statements involve estimates, assumptions and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed for the reasons described in this report. You should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements.

You should be aware that our actual results could differ materially from those contained in the forward-looking statements due to a number of factors such as:

- the ability to raise capital to fund our operations until we generate adequate cash flow internally;
- the terms and timing of product sales and licensing agreements;
- our ability to enter into strategic partnering and joint development agreements;
- our ability to competitively market our controlled release and filled tube products;

- the successful implementation of research and development programs;
- our ability to attract and retain key personnel;
- general market conditions.

Our actual results may differ materially from management's expectations. The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with our financial statements included herewith. This discussion should not be construed to imply that the results discussed herein will necessarily continue in the future, or that any conclusion reached herein will necessarily be indicative of actual operating performance in the future. Such discussion represents only the best present assessment of our management.

The forward-looking statements speak only as of the date on which they are made, and except to the extent required by federal securities laws, we undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances after the date on which the statement is made or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events. In addition, we cannot assess the impact of each factor on our business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements.

The Company

Omni Shrimp, Inc.

On June 23, 2016, the Company announced a new business line, Omni Shrimp, located in Madeira Beach, Florida on the Gulf of Mexico. It is a fast growing seller of wild American shrimp. It is a wholesaler of locally caught shrimp, predominantly the highly popular Key West pink variety, to large distributors in the US, who then resell the product to grocery store chains, restaurants and other retail stores in the Florida, Boston and New York markets. According to Marine Science Today Magazine, shrimp is the most eaten seafood within the United States. Shrimps come in many varieties which are differentiated by their color.

Omni believes that it differentiates itself from its competitors not only by the quality of its product but its relationships with distributors allowing it to get its product to market as quickly as possible in order to guarantee freshness and taste.

NaturalNano is domiciled in the state of Nevada as a result of the merger with Cementitious Materials, Inc., (“CMI”), which was completed on November 29, 2005.

Liquidity

Going Concern - The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company generated net income for the Acquisition period of approximately \$26,000, but used approximately \$105,000 in cash from operations and had negative working capital and stockholders’ deficiency of approximately \$3,864,000 at September 30, 2016. Since inception the Company’s growth has been funded through a combination of convertible and non-convertible debt from private investors and sales of common stock. These factors, among others, may indicate that the Company will be unable to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time. The Company’s continuation as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to generate sufficient cash flow to meet its obligations, to obtain additional financing, renegotiate the terms of existing financing obligations and ultimately to attain successful operations. The ability to successfully achieve those items is uncertain. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the uncertainty.

As of September 30, 2016 the Company owed approximately \$2,590,000 to lenders in the form of notes payable, lines of credit and accrued interest. Much of this debt is convertible into the Company’s common stock at terms beneficial to the lenders compared to the market price of the Company’s common stock. The Company continues to rely on these lenders to provide additional loans to cover Company expenses and to provide forbearance agreements extending the due dates of the various notes. As of September 30, 2016, the Company continued to require waivers for debt covenant violations and extensions of maturity dates. Certain of these lenders have increased the interest rate on the September 30 2016.

Operating activities

Net cash (used) in operating activities for the Acquisition Period and period of Inception was approximately (\$105,000) and (\$1,000) respectively. The net income generated in the Acquisition period was \$26,707 compared to a net loss of \$(1,277) in the Inception period.

Investing activities

For the Acquisition Period, the Company used \$1,860 to purchase property and equipment. There were no cash flows from Investing activities during the Inception Period.

Financing Activities

For the Acquisition Period, the Company generated \$33,000 through the issuance of Notes and increased borrowing on the line of credit. For the Inception period, there was no borrowing.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Refer to the Company’s December 31, 2015 report on Form 10K for a complete discussion of the critical accounting policies which have not changed during the three months ended September 30, 2016.

Comparison of Statement of Operations for the Period of Acquisition and Period of Inception

Revenue and Gross Profit

Revenues and Cost of goods sold for the three months and Acquisition Period ended September 30, 2016 were \$452,385 and \$503,237, respectively. These represent solely the revenues of Omni Shrimp, Inc. Gross profit was \$6,464 and \$71,420, respectively or 13% and 14% of sales, respectively.

There were no revenues and gross margin from the Inception Date through September 30, 2015.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses for the Acquisition Period were as follows:

Professional Fees constituted \$42,661 and were principally accounting and legal fees associated with the Acquisition.

Transportation, Storage and Broker Fees represent expenses associated with storing in freezer facilities, transporting to buyers as well as paying brokers for arranging sales.

The amount of \$19,234 includes approximately:

\$13,000 to brokers for arrangements of sales;

\$6,000 for transportation of shrimp;

\$1,000 for cold storage

General and Administrative Expenses amounted to \$8,480.

Rent expense at the Madeira Beach facilities was \$4,500. Office expense and expenses associated with SEC filings were approximately \$2,000 each.

Sales and Marketing Expenses of \$3,575 consisted of commissions of approximately \$2,700 and advertising of approximately \$900.

There were no Operating Expenses for the Inception Period as operations had not yet begun.

Other Income (Expense)

Other Income (Expense) was \$29,371 and \$29,237 for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and the Period of Acquisition. With the exception of Interest Expense (See below), all line items are the same for both periods.

Interest expense includes interest (including amortization of discount) on the Company's outstanding indebtedness from convertible debt and Bridge debt, including amortization of the debt discount. For the three months ending September 30, 2016 and the Period of Acquisition, interest expense totalled \$49,215 and \$49,349, respectively, including \$1,036 of amortization of debt discount.

Loss on conversion of debt of \$5,653 was due to the conversion of \$1,355 of debt during the three months ended September 30, 2016.

Gain on Elimination of Registration rights liability of \$12,324 related to the elimination of a liability to register debt upon the signing of the Surrender and Amendment Agreement.

Gain on change in derivative liability was \$71,915 was due principally to a lower company stock price

There were no Other Income (Expense) items for the period of Inception.

Item 4. - Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective disclosure controls and procedures. Our Chief Executive Officer has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) as of the end of the period covered by this report to provide reasonable assurance that information we are required to disclose in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including the CEO as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Based on this evaluation, and in light of the material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting that are discussed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015 our Chief Executive Officer has concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective. The material weaknesses consist of an insufficient complement of qualified accounting personnel and controls associated with segregation of duties and ineffective controls associated with identifying and accounting for complex and non-routine transactions in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

The Company does not maintain a sufficient complement of qualified accounting personnel and controls associated with the segregation of duties were ineffective. Notwithstanding these material weaknesses, management believes that the financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q fairly present, in all material respects, our financial condition, result of operations and cash flows for the periods presented.

There can be no assurance, however, that our disclosure controls and procedures will detect or uncover all failures of persons within the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries to disclose material information otherwise required to be set forth in our periodic reports. There are inherent limitations to the effectiveness of any system of disclosure controls and procedures, including the possibility of human error and the circumvention or overriding of the controls and procedures. Accordingly, even effective disclosure controls and procedures can only provide reasonable, not absolute, assurance of achieving their control objectives.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the last fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II-OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

There have been no material developments to the legal proceeding disclosed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities

None

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

The Company entered into Forbearance Agreements with Alpha Capital Anstalt, Marlin Capital Investments and Bull Hunter LLC effective on January 1, 2015 and March 5, 2015, and March 31, 2016 relating to the Company's default on various terms and conditions with borrowing agreements. Pursuant to the Surrender and Amendment Agreement since June 23, 2016, the Company is no longer in default.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

None.

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit No.	Description	
31.1	Certification of principal executive officer and principal accounting officer pursuant to section 302(a) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	*
32.1	Certification of principal executive officer and principal accounting officer pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	*
101	Interactive data files formatted in XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language): (i) the Consolidated Balance Sheets, (ii) the Consolidated Statements of Operations, (iii) the Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Deficiency, (iv) the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and (v) the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	*
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document	*
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document	*
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document	*
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document	*
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document	*
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document	*

*Filed herewith

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

NaturalNano, Inc.

Date: November 23, 2016

/s/ Colm Wrynn

Colm Wrynn
President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive, Financial and Accounting
Officer)